Financial Statements of





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of OSEG Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of OSEG Foundation (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021
- · the statement of revenue and expenses for the year then ended
- · the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- · the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations, changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2021

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Statement of Financial Position
Statement of Revenue and Expenses
Statement of Changes in Net Assets
Statement of Cash Flows
Notes to the Financial Statements

Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	20	21	2020
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 1,450,0		1,526,311
Amounts receivable (note 3)	5,7		17,860
Prepaid expenses	8	44	12 606
Due from related party (note 4)	1,456,6	32	13,606 1,557,777
	1,430,0	52	1,557,777
Capital assets (note 5)	2,9	56	4,189
	\$ 1,459,5	88 9	1,561,966
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 4) Deferred contributions (note 6)	\$ 28,7 19,0 60,7 108,4	48 22	51,928 - 59,000 110,928
Net assets	1,351,1	09	1,451,038
	\$ 1,459,5	88 9	1,561,966
See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: Director	,		

Statement of Revenue and Expenses

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020

		General	Fun	draising		0004		2000
		Fund		Trust		2021		2020
Revenue:								
Donations	\$	105,967	\$	-	\$	105,967	\$	102,283
Fundraising:								
Net proceeds from 50/50								
Programs (note 9)		_		1,538		1,538		57,098
Special Events		63,500		_		63,500		-
Community Events		- (-/-		_		391
Interest income		3,399		4,526	11	7,925		7,409
		172,866		6,064	7)	178,930		167,181
			1 1					
Expenses:		$(Ca)^{\vee}$	^					
Fundraising:			//	~				
Community events		110-6		_		7		7,970
Other	11	リ \		((())		3,100
Special events		5,771	7)	~ H>>		5,771	/	_
Administration (note 7)		154,669	1	1/ 4/		154,669		122,835
	\ \ \	160,440		170		160,440		133,905
Excess of revenue over expenses		774 6		}	7			
before charitable activities	3/1	12,426		6,064		18,490		33,276
Charitable activities	9)	118,419	V	W-10))	118,419		85,573
Excess (deficiency) of revenue			N.	, V		4.000	1949	
over expenses	\$	(105,993)	\$	6,064	\$	(99,929)	\$	(52,297)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020

	General Fund	Fu	ındraising Trust	2021	2020
Net assets, beginning of period	\$ 561,211	\$	889,827	\$ 1,451,038	\$ 1,503,335
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(105,993)		6,064	(99,929)	(52,297)
Interfund transfers (note 10)	73,745		(73,745)	-	-
Net assets, end of period	\$ 528,963	\$	822,146	\$ 1,351,109	\$ 1,451,038

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020

	2021	2020
Operating activities: Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$ (99,929)	\$ (52,297)
Amortization of capital assets, which does not involve cash Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 8)	1,233 22,414	308 (5,625)
Decrease in cash	(76,282)	(57,614)
Cash, beginning of period	1,526,311	1,583,925
Cash, end of period	\$ 1,450,029	\$ 1,526,311

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Nature of Foundation:

The OSEG Foundation (the "Foundation") was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act on October 6, 2014. The Foundation is a Registered Charity under Section 149.1 of the Income Tax Act; accordingly, it is not subject to income tax.

The Foundation aims to be a catalyst for social change by leveraging the power of sport to improve the lives of children and youth by delivering programs and making charitable distributions in the form of grants, sponsorship and gifts-in-kind to-qualified donees.

Effective in 2020, the Foundation changed its financial year-end from December 31 to March 31 to better align with the fiscal year of related parties such as the Ottawa Sports and Entertainment Group. The information presented in these financial statements includes 12 months of activity for the year ending March 31, 2021 as compared to the three-month fiscal period ending March 31, 2020. As a result, the information contained in these financial statements may not be comparable to previously reported periods.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Fund accounting:

The Foundation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions for not-forprofit organizations. For financial reporting purposes, the fund balances have been classified into two funds consisting of the following:

(i) The General Fund includes the day-to-day transactions in regards to the operations of the Foundation. Unless otherwise specified, any interest earned is included in the General Fund.

Restricted contributions that are reported in the general fund are recognized in the period in which the related expenditures are incurred.

(ii) The Fundraising Trust includes funds generated from electronic raffles earned during sports games, the use of which is restricted by the Alcohol and Gaming Commission of Ontario. Interest income earned on the Fundraising Trust bank account is reported in the Fundraising Trust. Net proceeds from 50/50 programs represent the gross amounts collected from electronic raffles less the 50% that is paid to the prize winner at each draw.

(b) Expenses:

In the statement of revenue and expenses, the Foundation presents its expenses by function.

Expenses are recognized in the period incurred and recorded in the function to which they are directly related.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Expenses (continued)

The Foundation conducts its own 50/50 electronic draws at certain events at TD Place throughout the period as a registered electronic gaming provider under the Alcohol Gaming Commission of Ontario (AGCO). The Foundation entered into an agreement with 24(1) to provide the necessary technology to facilitate the 50/50 electronic draws. The Foundation has obtained the lottery license for the draws and is responsible for paying the prize winners. The expenses for the draws include lottery licenses, ticket printing, bank fees and other direct costs related to the administration of the program. The excess of revenue over expenses is included in program grants and sponsorships when granted.

Community events expenses are related to activities that support third party fundraising events.

Administration expenses incurred in relation to the General Fund include salaries, consulting and professional fees, office expenses and interest and bank fees.

(c) Capital assets:

Capital assets are measured at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives using the following annual rates:

Asset	Rate
Equipment	20%
Equipment	20%

(d) Government assistance:

Government assistance related to current expenses is included in the determination of net income for the period, shown as a reduction of the related expense.

(e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually and as adjustments become necessary, they are recognized in the financial statements in the period they become known.

3. Amounts receivable:

At March 31, 2021, amounts receivable includes harmonized sales tax recoveries of \$5,759 (2020 - \$2,859).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

4. Related parties:

The Foundation is related to Ottawa Sports and Entertainment Group ("OSEG") and Lansdowne Stadium Limited Partnership ("LSLP") by virtue of common management. The Foundation works in conjunction with these related entities in utilizing the promotional benefits of the trademarks of Ottawa REDBLACKS Limited Partnership, Ottawa Fury FC Limited Partnership and Ottawa 67s Limited Partnership, and additional resources for its fundraising activities. The amount due to related party on the balance sheet is due to OSEG.

5. Capital Assets:

	(Cost	Accumulated depreciation	2021 Net book value	2020 Net book value
Equipment	\$	6,164	\$ 3,208 \$	2,956 \$	4,189

6. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions represent unspent contributions that were externally restricted for the intended purpose of investing in capital improvements to a local sports facility and for sports equipment.

7. Government assistance:

During the year, the Foundation recognized \$83,402 in government assistance received from the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy program, included as an offset to wages expenses included in administration expenses.

8. Change in non-cash operating working capital:

∀	2021	2020
Decrease in amounts receivable	\$ 12,101	\$ 24,935
Increase in prepaid expenses	(844)	_
Decrease (increase) in due from related party	13,606	(13,606)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(23,219)	(15,052)
Increase (decrease) in due to related party	19,048	(1,902
Increase in deferred contributions	1,720	_
	\$ 22,414	\$ (5,625)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

9. Net proceeds from 50/50 programs:

	2021	2020
Gross proceeds received from 50/50 programs Amounts recovered from (disbursed to) 50/50 winners 50/50 operations	\$ 3,821 2,915 (5,198)	\$ 88,777 (16,221) (15,458)
	\$ 1,538	\$ 57,098

10. Interfund transfers:

During the year from the Fundraising Trust transferred \$73,745 (2020 - \$Nil) for charitable activities incurred on behalf of the General Fund.

11. Financial risk:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Foundation is exposed to this risk relating to its cash. The Foundation holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Foundation manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Foundation prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

12. Impact of Coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic:

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Coronavirus COVID-19 (COVID-19) outbreak a pandemic. This has resulted in significant financial, market and societal impacts in Canada and around the world.

From the declaration of the pandemic to the date of approval of these financial statements, the Foundation has been impacted in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic in the following ways:

The cancelation of public activities and events

The ultimate duration and magnitude of the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on the Foundation's operations and financial position is not known at this time. These impacts could include a decline in future cash flows, changes to the value of assets and liabilities, and the use of accumulated net assets to sustain operations.

Financial Statements of

OSEG FOUNDATION

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended March 31, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of OSEG Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of OSEG Foundation (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022
- the statement of revenue and expenses for the year then ended
- · the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2022, and its results of operations, changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's
 ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists,
 we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in
 the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.
 Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our
 auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to
 continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2022

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Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022		2021
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	2,072,544	\$	1,450,029
Amounts receivable (note 3)		21,681		5,759
Prepaid expenses		1,904		844
		2,096,129		1,456,632
Capital assets (note 5)	- (1	1,724		2,956
	\$	2,097,853	\$	1,459,588
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 4) Deferred contributions (note 6)	\$	64,844 9,529 59,000 133,373	(\$	28,709 19,048 60,722 108,479
Net assets		1,964,480		1,351,109
	\$	2,097,853	\$	1,459,588
See npanying notes to financial statements. Ar by the Board: 19(1) Pirector Director				

Statement of Revenue and Expenses

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for the year ended March 31, 2021

	General	Fundraising		
	Fund	Trust	2022	2021
Revenue:				
Donations \$	961,529	\$ -	\$ 961,529 \$	105,967
Fundraising:				
Programs (note 9)	-	194,355	194,355	1,538
Special events	28,556	-	28,556	63,500
Interest income	8,991	-	8,991	7,925
	999,076	194,355	1,193,431	178,930
Expenses: Fundraising:				
Community events	(do and	//	40.000	
Special events	19,093		19,093	5,771
Administration (note 7)	187,487 206,580	/\	187,487 206,580	154,669 160,440
((200,500	11 11 0	200,300	100,440
Excess of revenue over expenses before charitable activities	792,496	194,355	986,851	18,490
Charitable activities	373,480		373,480	118,419
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses and charitable activities	419,016	\$ 194,355	\$ 613,371 \$	(99,929)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

	General Fund	Fur	ndraising Trust	2022	2021
Net assets, beginning of period	\$ 528,963	\$	822,146	\$ 1,351,109	\$ 1,451,038
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses and charitable activities	419,016		194,355	613,371	(99,929)
Interfund transfers (note 10)	68,326		(68,326)		-
Net assets, end of period	\$ 1,016,305	\$	948,175	\$ 1,964,480	\$ 1,351,109

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

		2022	2021
Operating activities: Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses and			
charitable activities	\$	613,371	\$ (99,929)
Amortization of capital assets, which does not involve cash		1,232	1,233
Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 8)		7,912	22,414
Increase (decrease) in cash		622,515	(76,282)
Cash, beginning of period	~((1,450,029	1,526,311
Cash, end of period	\$	2,072,544	\$ 1,450,029

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2022

1. Nature of Foundation:

The OSEG Foundation (the "Foundation") was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act on October 6, 2014. The Foundation is a Registered Charity under Section 149.1 of the Income Tax Act; accordingly, it is not subject to income tax.

The Foundation aims to be a catalyst for social change by leveraging the power of sport to improve the lives of children and youth by delivering programs and making charitable distributions in the form of grants, sponsorship and gifts-in-kind to qualified donees.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Fund accounting:

The Foundation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions for not-forprofit organizations. For financial reporting purposes, the fund balances have been classified into two funds consisting of the following:

- (i) The General Fund includes the day-to-day transactions in regards to the operations of the Foundation. Unless otherwise specified, any interest earned is included in the General Fund.
 - Restricted contributions that are reported in the general fund are recognized in the period in which the related expenditures are incurred.
- (ii) The Fundraising Trust includes funds generated from electronic raffles earned during sports games, the use of which is restricted by the Alcohol and Gaming Commission of Ontario. Interest income earned on the Fundraising Trust bank account is reported in the Fundraising Trust. Net proceeds from 50/50 programs represent the gross amounts collected from electronic raffles less the 50% that is paid to the prize winner at each draw.

(b) Expenses:

In the statement of revenue and expenses, the Foundation presents its expenses by function.

Expenses are recognized in the period incurred and recorded in the function to which they are directly related.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Expenses (continued)

The Foundation conducts its own 50/50 electronic draws at certain events at TD Place throughout the period as a registered electronic gaming provider under the Alcohol Gaming Commission of Ontario (AGCO). The Foundation entered into an agreement with 24(1) to provide the necessary technology to facilitate the 50/50 electronic draws. The Foundation has obtained the lottery license for the draws and is responsible for paying the prize winners. The expenses for the draws include lottery licenses, ticket printing, bank fees and other direct costs related to the administration of the program. The excess of revenue over expenses is included in program grants and sponsorships when granted.

Administration expenses incurred in relation to the General Fund include salaries, consulting and professional fees, office expenses and interest and bank fees.

(c) Capital assets:

Capital assets are measured at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives using the following annual rates:

Asset	72 C29 , V7 O5	Rate
	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Equipment		20%

(d) Government assistance:

Government assistance related to current expenses is included in the determination of net income for the period, shown as a reduction of the related expense.

(e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually and as adjustments become necessary, they are recognized in the financial statements in the period they become known.

3. Amounts receivable:

At March 31, 2022, amounts receivable includes harmonized sales tax recoveries of \$10,607 (2021 - \$5,759).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

4. Related parties:

The Foundation is related to Ottawa Sports and Entertainment Group ("OSEG") and Lansdowne Stadium Limited Partnership ("LSLP") by virtue of common management. The Foundation works in conjunction with these related entities in utilizing the promotional benefits of the trademarks of Ottawa REDBLACKS Limited Partnership, and Ottawa 67s Limited Partnership, and additional resources for its fundraising activities. The amount due to related party on the balance sheet is due to OSEG.

5. Capital Assets:

	(Cost	Accumulated depreciation	2022 Net book value	2021 Net book value	
Equipment	\$	6,164	\$ (4,440) \$	1,724 \$	2,956	

6. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions represent unspent contributions that were externally restricted for the intended purpose of investing in capital improvements to a local sports facility and for sports equipment.

7. Government assistance:

During the year, the Foundation recognized \$43,821 (2021 - \$83,402) in government assistance received from the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy program, included as an offset to wages expenses included in administration expenses.

8. Change in non-cash operating working capital:

	2022	2021
Decrease (increase) in amounts receivable \$	(15,922)	\$ 12,101
Increase in prepaid expenses	(1,060)	(844)
Decrease in due from related party	-	13,606
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	36,135	(23,217)
Increase (decrease) in due to related party	(9,519)	19,048
Increase (decrease) in deferred contributions	(1,722)	1,720
\$	7,912	\$ 22,414

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

9. Net proceeds from 50/50 programs:

Gross proceeds received from 50/50 programs Amounts recovered from (disbursed to) 50/50 winners 50/50 operations	\$ 508,857 (261,310) (53,192)	\$ 3,821 2,915 (5,198)
	\$ 194,355	\$ 1,538

10. Interfund transfers:

During the year the Fundraising Trust transferred \$68,326 (2021 - \$73,745) for charitable activities incurred on behalf of the General Fund.

11. Financial risk:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Foundation is exposed to this risk relating to its cash. The Foundation holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Foundation manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Foundation prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

12. Impact of Coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic:

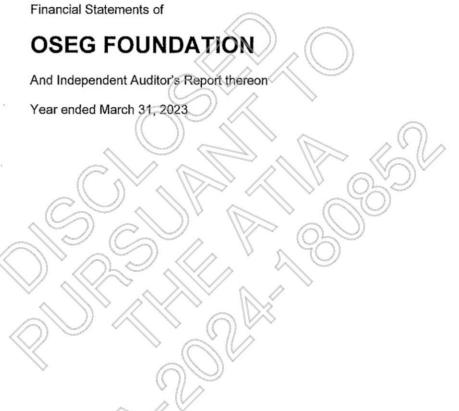
On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Coronavirus COVID-19 (COVID-19) outbreak a pandemic. This has resulted in significant financial, market and societal impacts in Canada and around the world.

From the declaration of the pandemic to the date of approval of these financial statements, the Foundation has been impacted in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic in the following ways:

The cancelation of public activities and events

The ultimate magnitude of the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on the Foundation's operations and financial position is not known at this time. These impacts could include a decline in future cash flows, changes to the value of assets and liabilities, and the use of accumulated net assets to sustain operations.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of OSEG Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of OSEG Foundation (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023
- the statement of revenue and expenses for the year then ended
- · the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- · the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2023, and its results of operations, its changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2023

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Statement of Financial Position	1
Statement of Revenue and Expenses	2
Statement of Changes in Net Assets.	3
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Notes to the Financial Statements	5

Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

Current assets: Cash Restricted term deposit (note 3) Amounts receivable (note 4) Prepaid expenses Capital assets (note 6) Capital assets (note 6) Capital assets (note 6) Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Perent liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Current liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and a		2023		2022
Cash	Assets			
Restricted term deposit (note 3)	Current assets:			
Amounts receivable (note 4) Prepaid expenses 2,387,686 2,096,129 Capital assets (note 6) 491 1,724 Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) Net assets Letters of credit (note 3) See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director				2,072,544
Prepaid expenses				-
2,387,686 2,096,128		65,682		
Capital assets (note 6) 491 1,724 \$ 2,388,177 \$ 2,097,853 Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) 231,889 133,373 Net assets Letters of credit (note 3) See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director	Prepaid expenses	2.387.686		
\$ 2,388,177 \$ 2,097,853 Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) Net assets Letters of credit (note 3) See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director		2,007,000		2,000,120
Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) 231,889 Net assets 2,156,288 1,964,480 Letters of credit (note 3) See accompanying notes to financial statements, Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director	Capital assets (note 6)	491		1,724
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 226,879 \$ 64,844 9,520 \$ 59,000 231,889 133,373 2,156,288 1,964,480 \$ 2,388,177 \$ 2,097,853 See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director		\$ 2,388,177	\$	2,097,853
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director	inhilition and Not Assats	~		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) Net assets Letters of credit (note 3) See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director	Liabilities and Net Assets		()
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) Net assets Letters of credit (note 3) See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director	Current liabilities:		100	/>
Due to related party (note 5) Deferred contributions (note 7) 231,889 133,373 Net assets 2,156,288 1,964,480 See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director		\$ 226.879	S	64.844
Deferred contributions (note 7) 231,889 133,373 Net assets 2,156,288 1,964,480 \$ 2,388,177 \$ 2,097,853 See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director Director	Due to related party (note 5)	5,010	Š D	9,529
Net assets Letters of credit (note 3) \$ 2,388,177 \$ 2,097,853 See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: Director	Deferred contributions (note 7)	H))	59,000
Letters of credit (note 3) \$ 2,388,177 \$ 2,097,853 See accompanying notes to financial statements: Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director		231,889		133,373
\$ 2,388,177 \$ 2,097,853 See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: Director	Net assets	2,156,288		1,964,480
See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: Director Director	Letters of credit (note 3)			
See accompanying notes to financial statements. Approved by the Board: Director Director		\$ 2 388 177	\$	2 097 853
Approved by the Board: 9(1) Director		Ψ 2,000,177	Ψ	2,007,000
9(1) Director	See accompanying notes to financial statements.			
9(1) Director	Approved by the Board:			
Director				
Director	19(1)			
	Director			
	Director			
19(1)	- sali Gotol			
	19(1)			

Statement of Revenue and Expenses

Year ended March 31, 2023, with comparative information for the 2022

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		General	F	undraising		2023		2022
**** *********************************		Fund		Trust		Total		Total
Revenue:								
Donations	\$	656,650	\$	-	\$	656,650	\$	961,529
Fundraising:								
Programs (note 10)		_		285,841		285,841		194,355
Special events		312,112		_		312,112		28,556
Interest income		72,749	1	-		72,749		8,991
		1,041,511		285,841		1,327,352		1,193,431
Expenses:				$\forall \land \emptyset$))		
Fundraising:				, \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
Special events		190,674	> /	, · _//		190,674		19,093
Administration (note 8)		459,885		/ - ×		459,885		187,487
	((650,559	<u> </u>	· //		650,559	7)	206,580
Excess of revenue over expenses	1/		7	7	7/	> //	1	/>
before charitable activities	\checkmark	390,952		285,841		676,793)\`	986,851
Charitable activities		484,985			· (6	484,985		373,480
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	2/		1	> 0	T)	9		
over expenses and charitable activities	\$	(94,033)	\$	285,841	\$	191,808	\$	613,371

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2023, with comparative information for the 2022

	General Fund	Fundraising Trust	2023 Total	2022 Total
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 1,016,305	\$ 948,175	\$ 1,964,480	\$ 1,351,109
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses and	(0.4.000)	205.244	404.000	
charitable activities	(94,033)	285,841	191,808	613,371
Interfund transfers (note 11)	149,897	(149,897)	-	-
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,072,169	\$ 1,084,119	\$ 2,156,288	\$ 1,964,480

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2023, with comparative information for the 2022

	 2023	 2022
Operating activities: Excess of revenue over expenses and charitable activities Amortization of capital assets, which does	\$ 191,808	\$ 613,371
not involve cash	1,233	1,232
Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 9)	56,419	7,912
	249,460	622,515
Investing activities: Purchase of term deposit	(75,792)	-
Increase in cash	173,668	 622,515
Cash, beginning of year	2,072,544	1,450,029
Cash, end of year	\$ 2,246,212	\$ 2,072,544

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2023

1. Nature of Foundation:

The OSEG Foundation (the "Foundation") was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act on October 6, 2014. The Foundation is a Registered Charity under Section 149.1 of the Income Tax Act; accordingly, it is not subject to income tax.

The Foundation aims to be a catalyst for social change by leveraging the power of sport to improve the lives of children and youth by delivering programs and making charitable distributions in the form of grants, sponsorship and gifts-in-kind to qualified doness.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies.

(a) Fund accounting:

The Foundation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions for not-forprofit organizations. For financial reporting purposes, the fund balances have been classified into two funds consisting of the following:

- (i) The General Fund includes the day-to-day transactions in regards to the operations of the Foundation. Unless otherwise specified, any interest earned is included in the General Fund.
 - Restricted contributions that are reported in the general fund are recognized in the period in which the related expenditures are incurred.
- (ii) The Fundraising Trust includes funds generated from electronic raffles earned during sports games, the use of which is restricted by the Alcohol and Gaming Commission of Ontario (AGCO). Interest income earned on the Fundraising Trust bank account is reported in the Fundraising Trust. Net proceeds from 50/50 programs represent the gross amounts collected from electronic raffles less the 50% that is paid to the prize winner at each draw.

(b) Expenses:

In the statement of revenue and expenses, the Foundation presents its expenses by function. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred and recorded in the function to which they are directly related.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Expenses (continued)

The Foundation conducts its own 50/50 electronic draws at certain events at TD Place throughout the period as a registered electronic gaming provider under the AGCO. The Foundation entered into an agreement with 24(1) to provide the necessary technology to facilitate the 50/50 electronic draws. The Foundation has obtained the lottery license for the draws and is responsible for paying the prize winners. The expenses for the draws include lottery licenses, ticket printing, bank fees and other direct costs related to the administration of the program. The excess of revenue over expenses is included in program grants and sponsorships when granted.

Administration expenses incurred in relation to the General Fund include salaries, consulting and professional fees, office expenses and interest and bank fees.

(c) Capital assets:

Capital assets are measured at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives using the following annual rates:

Asset			020	Rate
		V 12 V	(0)	
Equipment		/ A - W		20%

(d) Government assistance:

Government assistance related to current expenses is included in the determination of net income for the period, shown as a reduction of the related expense.

(e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually and as adjustments become necessary, they are recognized in the financial statements in the period they become known.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

3. Letters of credit:

The Foundation has two stand alone letters of credit in the amounts of \$20,000 and \$75,792 respectively. The letters of credit are to be provided to the AGCO in support of the 50/50 lottery and the Driving Futures lottery. As at March 31, 2023, no amounts have been drawn on the letters of credit.

For the letter of credit in the amount of \$75,792 a term deposit is required by 24(1) equal to the amount of the letter of credit. This restricted term deposit has a maturity date of February 9, 2024 and bears interest at 3% and is measured at amortized cost.

4. Amounts receivable:

At March 31, 2023, amounts receivable includes harmonized sales tax recoveries of \$17,080 (2022 - \$10,607).

5. Related parties:

The Foundation is related to Ottawa Sports and Entertainment Group ("OSEG") and Lansdowne Stadium Limited Partnership ("LSLP") by virtue of common management. The Foundation works in conjunction with these related entities in utilizing the promotional benefits of the trademarks of Ottawa REDBLACKS Limited Partnership, and Ottawa 67s Limited Partnership, and additional resources for its fundraising activities. The amount due to related party on the balance sheet is due to OSEG.

Capital Assets:

	Cost	2.5	umulated preciation	2023 Net book value	2022 Net book value
Equipment	\$ 6,164	\$	5,673	\$ 491	\$ 1,724

7. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions represent unspent contributions that were externally restricted for the intended purpose of investing in capital improvements to a local sports facility and for sports equipment. In 2023, \$59,000 in revenue was recognized as the commitment was fulfilled.

8. Government assistance:

During the year, the Foundation recognized \$10,957 (2022 - \$43,821) in government assistance received from various government programs such as the Tourism and Hospitality Recovery Program, and the Canada Recovery Hiring Program, included as an offset to wages expenses included in administration expenses.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

9. Change in non-cash operating working capital:

		2023	 2022
Increase in amounts receivable Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Decrease in due to related party Decrease in deferred contributions		(44,001) 1,904 162,035 (4,519) (59,000)	\$ (15,922) (1,060) 36,135 (9,519) (1,722)
	\$	56,419	\$ 7,912

10. Net proceeds from 50/50 programs:

	2023/	2022
Gross proceeds received from 50/50 programs Amounts disbursed to 50/50 winners 50/50 operations	\$ 933,461 (537,919) (109,701)	508,857 (261,310) (53,192)
	\$ 285,841 \$	194,355

11. Interfund transfers:

During the year the Fundraising Trust transferred \$149,897 (2022 - \$68,326) for charitable activities incurred on behalf of the General Fund.

12. Financial risk:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Foundation is exposed to this risk relating to its cash and amounts receivable. The Foundation holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Foundation manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Foundation prepares budget and cash flow forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.